

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15)

(16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30)

- A. The human human heart has four _____
(1)
- B. _____ are blood vessels that carry blood away from the heart
(2)
- C. _____ blood cells carry oxygen.
(3) (4)
- D. The receiving chambers of the heart are the _____
(5)
- E. The liquid part of blood is _____
(6)
- F. The muscular, pumping chambers of the heart are the _____
(7)
- G. The _____ circulation is made up of all blood vessels found in the lungs and those leading to and from them.
(8)
- H. The _____ is a wall that separates the right and left sides of the heart.
(9)
- I. _____ prevent the back flow of blood in veins.
(10)
- J. Blood cells are also called blood C O R P U S C U L E S.
- K. Tiny blood vessels that connect arteries and veins are called _____
(12)
- L. Blood vessels that carry blood to the heart are _____
(13)
- M. Blood cells that destroy germs are _____ blood cells.
(14)
- N. _____ help the blood to clot.
(15)
- O. The _____ side of the heart pumps blood to all parts of the body.
(16)
- P. The largest blood vessel in the human body is the _____ artery.
(17)
- Q. The heart is a muscular _____
(18)
- R. Blood picks up _____ in the lungs.
(19)
- S. Type O blood is known as the universal _____
(20)

White blood cells exhibit amoeboid _____ (21) _____.

Blood entering the right ^{ATRIUM} ~~auricle~~ contains a lot of _____ (22) _____.

An auricle can also be called an _____ (23) _____.

The _____ (24) _____ is a sheet of _____ (25) _____ that moves up and down, enabling you to exhale and _____ (26) _____ (27) _____.

Blood cells are produced in the bone _____ (28) _____ (29) _____.

The human heart beats approximately _____ (30) _____ times a minute.